

by the Commission, and may cause the closing of any station for radio communication and the removal therefrom of its apparatus and equipment, or he may authorize the use or control of any such station and/or its apparatus and equipment by any department of the Government under such regulations as he may prescribe, upon just compensation to the owners.

Closing of station discretionary.

(d) The President shall ascertain the just compensation for such use or control and certify the amount ascertained to Congress for appropriation and payment to the person entitled thereto. If the amount so certified is unsatisfactory to the person entitled thereto, such person shall be paid only 75 per centum of the amount and shall be entitled to sue the United States to recover such further sum as added to such payment of 75 per centum will make such amount as will be just compensation for the use and control. Such suit shall be brought in the manner provided by paragraph 20 of section 24, or by section 145, of the Judicial Code, as amended.

Award of compensation.

Suit if award unsatisfactory.

EFFECTIVE DATE OF ACT

Effective date of act.

SEC. 607. This Act shall take effect upon the organization of the Commission, except that this section and sections 1 and 4 shall take effect July 1, 1934. The Commission shall be deemed to be organized upon such date as four members of the Commission have taken office.

Act, p. 1064.

SEPARABILITY CLAUSE

Separability clause.

SEC. 608. If any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the Act and the application of such provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

SHORT TITLE

Short title.

SEC. 609. This Act may be cited as the "Communications Act of 1934."

Approved, June 19, 1934.

[CHAPTER 653.]

AN ACT

Relating to direct loans for industrial purposes by Federal Reserve banks, and for other purposes.

June 19, 1934.

[S. 3487.]

[Public, No. 417.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is amended by adding after section 13a thereof a new section reading as follows:

Federal Reserve Act, amendment.
Vol. 38, p. 263; Vol. 42, p. 1479.
U.S.C., p. 282.

"SEC. 13b. (a) In exceptional circumstances, when it appears to the satisfaction of a Federal Reserve bank that an established industrial or commercial business located in its district is unable to obtain requisite financial assistance on a reasonable basis from the usual sources, the Federal Reserve bank, pursuant to authority granted by the Federal Reserve Board, may make loans to, or purchase obligations of, such business, or may make commitments with respect thereto, on a reasonable and sound basis, for the purpose of providing it with working capital, but no obligation shall be acquired or commitment made hereunder with a maturity exceeding five years.

Direct loans for industrial purposes by Reserve banks.

To established industry needing financial assistance.

Purchase of obligations thereof.

"(b) Each Federal Reserve bank shall also have power to discount for, or purchase from, any bank, trust company, mortgage company, credit corporation for industry, or other financing institution operating in its district, obligations having maturities not exceeding five years, entered into for the purpose of obtaining working

Discount or purchase of obligation.

Maturities.

Direct loans to financing institution.

Commitments respecting purchase of obligations.

Losses sustained on obligations acquired by banks; percentage.

Proviso. Advance by institution in lieu.

Repayments.

Aggregate amount of credit extended; limitation.

Industrial Advisory Committee. Establishment.

Appointment.

Composition.

Qualifications of members.

Service without compensation.

Application for loan subject approval of.

Payments to Reserve banks.

Proportion to bank based on par value of holdings of Federal Deposit Insurance corporation stock. Agreement required.

capital for any such established industrial or commercial business; to make loans or advances direct to any such financing institution on the security of such obligations; and to make commitments with regard to such discount or purchase of obligations or with respect to such loans or advances on the security thereof, including commitments made in advance of the actual undertaking of such obligations. Each such financing institution shall obligate itself to the satisfaction of the Federal Reserve bank for at least 20 per centum of any loss which may be sustained by such bank upon any of the obligations acquired from such financing institution, the existence and amount of any such loss to be determined in accordance with regulations of the Federal Reserve Board: *Provided*, That in lieu of such obligation against loss any such financing institution may advance at least 20 per centum of such working capital for any established industrial or commercial business without obligating itself to the Federal Reserve bank against loss on the amount advanced by the Federal Reserve bank: *Provided, however*, That such advances by the financing institution and the Federal Reserve bank shall be considered as one advance, and repayment shall be made pro rata under such regulations as the Federal Reserve Board may prescribe.

"(c) The aggregate amount of loans, advances, and commitments of the Federal Reserve banks outstanding under this section at any one time, plus the amount of purchases and discounts under this section held at the same time, shall not exceed the combined surplus of the Federal Reserve banks as of July 1, 1934, plus all amounts paid to the Federal Reserve banks by the Secretary of the Treasury under subsection (e) of this section, and all operations of the Federal Reserve banks under this section shall be subject to such regulations as the Federal Reserve Board may prescribe.

"(d) For the purpose of aiding the Federal Reserve banks in carrying out the provisions of this section, there is hereby established in each Federal Reserve district an industrial advisory committee, to be appointed by the Federal Reserve bank subject to the approval and regulations of the Federal Reserve Board, and to be composed of not less than three nor more than five members as determined by the Federal Reserve Board. Each member of such committee shall be actively engaged in some industrial pursuit within the Federal Reserve district in which the committee is established, and each such member shall serve without compensation but shall be entitled to receive from the Federal Reserve bank of such district his necessary expenses while engaged in the business of the committee, or a per diem allowance in lieu thereof to be fixed by the Federal Reserve Board. Each application for any such loan, advance, purchase, discount, or commitment shall be submitted to the appropriate committee and, after an examination by it of the business with respect to which the application is made, the application shall be transmitted to the Federal Reserve bank, together with the recommendation of the committee.

"(e) In order to enable the Federal Reserve banks to make the loans, discounts, advances, purchases, and commitments provided for in this section, the Secretary of the Treasury, upon the date this section takes effect, is authorized, under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe, to pay to each Federal Reserve bank not to exceed such portion of the sum of \$139,299,557 as may be represented by the par value of the holdings of each Federal Reserve bank of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation stock, upon the execution by each Federal Reserve bank of its agreement (to be endorsed on the certificate of such stock) to hold such stock unen-

cumbered and to pay to the United States all dividends, all payments on liquidation, and all other proceeds of such stock, for which dividends, payments, and proceeds the United States shall be secured by such stock itself up to the total amount paid to each Federal Reserve bank by the Secretary of the Treasury under this section. Each Federal Reserve bank, in addition, shall agree that, in the event such dividends, payments, and other proceeds in any calendar year do not aggregate 2 per centum of the total payment made by the Secretary of the Treasury, under this section, it will pay to the United States in such year such further amount, if any, up to 2 per centum of the said total payment, as shall be covered by the net earnings of the bank for that year derived from the use of the sum so paid by the Secretary of the Treasury, and that for said amount so due the United States shall have a first claim against such earnings and stock, and further that it will continue such payments until the final liquidation of said stock by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The sum so paid to each Federal Reserve bank by the Secretary of the Treasury shall become a part of the surplus fund of such Federal Reserve bank within the meaning of this section. All amounts required to be expended by the Secretary of the Treasury in order to carry out the provisions of this section shall be paid out of the miscellaneous receipts of the Treasury created by the increment resulting from the reduction of the weight of the gold dollar under the President's proclamation of January 31, 1934; and there is hereby appropriated, out of such receipts, such sum as shall be required for such purpose."

SEC. 2. Section 5202 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended, is hereby amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"Tenth. Liabilities incurred under the provisions of section 13b of the Federal Reserve Act."

SEC. 3. Section 22 of the Federal Reserve Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new paragraphs:

"(h) Whoever makes any material statement, knowing it to be false, or whoever willfully overvalues any security, for the purpose of influencing in any way the action of a Federal Reserve bank upon any application, commitment, advance, discount, purchase, or loan, or any extension thereof by renewal, deferment of action, or otherwise, or the acceptance, release, or substitution of security therefor, shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$5,000 or by imprisonment for not more than two years, or both.

"(i) Whoever, being connected in any capacity with a Federal Reserve bank (1) embezzles, abstracts, purloins, or willfully misapplies any moneys, funds, securities, or other things of value, whether belonging to it or pledged or otherwise entrusted to it, or (2) with intent to defraud any Federal Reserve bank, or any other body politic or corporate, or any individual, or to deceive any officer, auditor, or examiner, makes any false entry in any book, report, or statement of or to a Federal Reserve bank, or, without being duly authorized, draws any order or issues, puts forth, or assigns any note, debenture, bond, or other obligation, or draft, mortgage, judgment, or decree shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 or by imprisonment for not more than five years, or both.

"(j) The provisions of sections 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, and 117 of the Criminal Code of the United States, insofar as applicable, are extended to apply to contracts or agreements of any Federal Reserve bank under this Act, which, for the purposes hereof, shall

Agreement respecting minimum interest payments to United States.

Status of funds paid to Reserve banks.

Funds available to Treasury for payments.

R.S. sec. 5202, p. 1006.
U.S.C., p. 264.

National Banks, limitation on indebtedness.

Federal Reserve Act, amendment.

Vol. 38, p. 272; U.S.C.,

p. 291.

Penalty provisions.
False representation.

Embezzlement, etc.

Criminal Code.
Sections applicable.
Vol. 35, p. 1108; U.S.C.
p. 474.

be held to include advances, loans, discounts, purchase, and repurchase agreements; extensions and renewals thereof; and acceptances, releases, and substitutions of security therefor.

Unlawful acts.

Fees for procuring,
etc., loan.

"(k) It shall be unlawful for any person to stipulate for or give or receive, or consent or agree to give or receive, any fee, commission, bonus, or thing of value for procuring or endeavoring to procure from any Federal Reserve bank any advance, loan, or extension of credit or discount or purchase of any obligation or commitment with respect thereto, either directly from such Federal Reserve bank or indirectly through any financing institution unless such fee, commission, bonus, or thing of value and all material facts with respect to the arrangement or understanding therefor shall be disclosed in writing in the application or request for such advance, loan, extension of credit, discount, purchase, or commitment. Any violation of the provisions of this paragraph shall be punishable by imprisonment for not more than one year or by a fine of not exceeding \$5,000, or both. If a director, officer, employee, or agent of any Federal Reserve bank shall knowingly violate this paragraph, he shall be held liable in his personal and individual capacity for any loss or damage sustained by such Federal Reserve bank in consequence of such violation."

Punishment for violation.

Liability of Federal
Reserve bank official.

Vol. 38, p. 261;
U.S.C., p. 275.

Federal Reserve
Board; assessment for
expenses.

Acquisition of building
site.

Construction
thereon.

SEC. 4. Section 10 of the Federal Reserve Act, as amended, is further amended by changing the period at the end of the third paragraph thereof to a comma and inserting thereafter the following: "and such assessments may include amounts sufficient to provide for the acquisition by the Board in its own name of such site or building in the District of Columbia as in its judgment alone shall be necessary for the purpose of providing suitable and adequate quarters for the performance of its functions. After approving such plans, estimates, and specifications as it shall have caused to be prepared, the Board may, notwithstanding any other provision of law, cause to be constructed on the site so acquired by it a building suitable and adequate in its judgment for its purposes and proceed to take all such steps as it may deem necessary or appropriate in connection with the construction, equipment, and furnishing of such building. The Board may maintain, enlarge, or remodel any building so acquired or constructed and shall have sole control of such building and space therein."

Reconstruction Finance
Corporation Act.
Vol. 47, p. 8; U.S.C.,
Supp. VII, p. 266.

Loans to industrial
or commercial business
by Corporation.

Fishing industry in-
cluded.
Security.

Maturities.

Solvency of borrower
required.
Aggregate amount,
generally.

To any one borrower.

SEC. 5. That the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended (U.S.C., Supp. VII, title 15, ch. 14), is amended by inserting before section 6 thereof the following new section:

"SEC. 5d. For the purpose of maintaining and increasing the employment of labor, when credit at prevailing bank rates for the character of loans applied for is not otherwise available at banks, the Corporation is authorized and empowered to make loans to any industrial or commercial business, which shall include the fishing industry, established prior to January 1, 1934. Such loans shall in the opinion of the board of directors of the Corporation be adequately secured, may be made directly, or in cooperation with banks or other lending institutions, or by the purchase of participations, shall have maturities not to exceed five years, shall be made only when deemed to offer reasonable assurance of continued or increased employment of labor, shall be made only when, in the opinion of the board of directors of the Corporation, the borrower is solvent, shall not exceed \$300,000,000 in aggregate amount at any one time outstanding, and shall be subject to such terms, conditions, and restrictions as the board of directors of the Corporation may determine. The aggregate amount of loans to any one borrower under this section shall not exceed \$500,000.

"The power to make loans given herein shall terminate on January 31, 1935, or on such earlier date as the President shall by proclamation fix; but no provision of law terminating any of the functions of the Corporation shall be construed to prohibit disbursement of funds on loans and commitments, or agreements to make loans, made under this section prior to January 31, 1935, or such earlier date."

Termination of power to loan.

SEC. 6. (a) Section 882 of the Revised Statutes (U.S.C., title 28, sec. 661) is amended to read as follows:

Disbursement there- after on prior commit- ments.

"SEC. 882. (a) Copies of any books, records, papers, or other documents in any of the executive departments, or of any corporation all of the stock of which is beneficially owned by the United States, either directly or indirectly, shall be admitted in evidence equally with the originals thereof, when duly authenticated under the seal of such department or corporation, respectively.

R.S., sec. 882, p. 167; U.S.C., p. 930.

Copies of records, etc.; admission as evi- dence.

"(b) Books or records of account in whatever form, and minutes (or portions thereof) of proceedings, of any such executive department or corporation, or copies of such books, records, or minutes authenticated under the seal of such department or corporation, shall be admissible as evidence of any act, transaction, occurrence, or event as a memorandum of which such books, records, or minutes were kept or made.

"(c) The seal of any such executive department or corporation shall be judicially noticed."

Seal.

(b) Section 4 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended (U.S.C., Supp. VII, title 15, sec. 604), is amended by inserting immediately before the semicolon following the words "corporate seal" a comma and the words "which shall be judicially noticed".

Reconstruction Fi- nance Corporation Act. Vol. 47, p. 7; seal to be judicially noticed.

SEC. 7. Section 1001 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (U.S.C., title 28, sec. 870), is amended by inserting immediately after the word "Government" the following: "or any corporation all the stock of which is beneficially owned by the United States, either directly or indirectly".

R.S., sec. 1001, p. 187; U.S.C., p. 945. Bond in error and on appeal. When not required.

SEC. 8. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended (U.S.C., Supp. VII, title 15, ch. 14), is further amended by inserting after section 5a thereof the following new section:

Vol. 47, p. 8; U.S.C., Supp. VII, p. 266.

"SEC. 5b. Notwithstanding any other provision of law—

"(1) The maturity of drafts or bills of exchange which may be accepted by the Corporation under section 5a of this Act, and the period for which the Corporation may make loans or advances under sections 201 (c) and 201 (d) of the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932, as amended, and under section 5 of this Act, may be five years, or any shorter period, from February 1, 1935: *Provided*, That in respect of loans or advances under such section 5 to railroads, railways, and receivers or trustees thereof, the Corporation may require as a condition of making any such loan or advance for a period longer than three years that such arrangements be made for the reduction or amortization of the indebtedness of the railroad or railway, either in whole or in part, as may be approved by the Corporation after the prior approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

Acceptance of drafts involving exportation of products. Maturities. Vol. 47, p. 711.

Proviso. Condition on loans to railroads. *Ante*, p. 1108.

"(2) The Corporation may at any time, or from time to time, extend, or consent to the extension of, the time of payment of any loan or advance made by it, through renewal, substitution of new obligations, or otherwise, but the time for such payment shall not be extended beyond five years from February 1, 1935: *Provided*, That the time of payment of loans or advances to railroads, rail- ways, and receivers or trustees thereof, shall not be so extended

Extension, time of payment.

Proviso. Approval required, loans to railroads.

except with the prior approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission, and, in the case of a loan to a railroad or railway, with the prior certification of the Interstate Commerce Commission that the railroad or railway is not in need of financial reorganization in the public interest.

Vol. 30, p. 544; Vol. 47, p. 1474.
Reorganization of
railroads.
Compromise of
claims.

Approval of Inter-
state Commerce Com-
mission.

Acceptance of new
securities.

Proviso.
Nature of settlement.

National Industrial
Recovery Act.

Ante, p. 210; U.S.C.,
Supp. VII, p. 905.
Loans by corpora-
tion, financing con-
struction projects.

Additional loans for
completion.

Time limitation on
disbursements.

Vol. 47, p. 713.

Terms and condi-
tions.

Vol. 47, p. 711.

Adjustment of matu-
rities of obligations.

Vol. 47, p. 711.

Emergency Farm
Mortgage Act.

Ante, p. 49; *post*, p.
1269; U.S.C., Supp.
VII, p. 922.

Amount for drainage,
etc., districts increased.

"(3) In connection with the reorganization under section 77 of the Federal Bankruptcy Act, approved July 1, 1898, as amended, or with receivership proceedings in a court or courts, of any railroad or railway indebted to the Corporation, or of any railroad or railway the receivers or trustees of which are indebted to the Corporation, the Corporation may, with the prior approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission, adjust or compromise its claim against such railroad or railway, or any such receiver or trustee, by accepting, in connection with any such reorganization or receivership proceedings and in exchange for securities or any part thereof then held, new securities which may have such terms as to interest, maturity, and otherwise as may be approved by the Corporation, or part cash and part new securities so approved: *Provided*, That any such adjustment or compromise shall not be made on less favorable terms than those provided in the reorganization of the railroad or railway for holders of claims of the same class and rank as the claim of the Corporation."

SEC. 9. Section 301 of the National Industrial Recovery Act (U.S.C., Supp. VII, title 40, sec. 412) is amended by inserting before the period at the end thereof a colon and the following: "*Provided further*, That in connection with any loan or contract or any commitment to make a loan entered into by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation prior to June 26, 1933, to aid in financing part or all of the construction cost of projects pursuant to section 201 (a) (1) of the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932, as amended, the Corporation may make such further loans and contracts for the completion of any such project, or for improvements, additions, extensions, or equipment which are necessary or desirable for the proper functioning of any such project, or which will materially increase the assurance that the borrower will be able to repay the entire investment of the Corporation in such project, including such improvements, additions, extensions, or equipment; and the Corporation may disburse funds to the borrower thereunder, at any time prior to January 23, 1939, notwithstanding any provisions to the contrary contained in this section or in section 201 (h) of the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932, as amended: *Provided further*, That any such further loans shall be made subject to all the terms and conditions set forth in the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932, as amended, with respect to the loans authorized by section 201 (a) (1) of said Act."

SEC. 10. Notwithstanding any limitations on its power, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, upon request of any borrower under section 201(a) of the Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932, as amended, may adjust the maturities of any obligations of such borrower now held by it, or hereafter acquired by it under lawful commitments, to such periods as may in the discretion of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation be proper, but such adjustment shall not extend any such maturity to more than twenty years from the advancing of the sum or sums evidenced thereby.

SEC. 11. Section 36 of the Emergency Farm Mortgage Act of 1933, as amended (U.S.C., Supp. VII, title 43, sec. 403), is amended as follows:

(1) By striking from the first sentence thereof "\$50,000,000 to or for the benefit of drainage districts, levee districts, levee and

drainage districts, irrigation districts, and similar districts," and inserting in lieu thereof "\$125,000,000 to or for the benefit of drainage districts, levee districts, levee and drainage districts, irrigation districts, and similar districts, mutual nonprofit companies and incorporated water users' associations".

(2) By striking from the second sentence thereof "district or political subdivision" and inserting in lieu thereof "district, political subdivision, company, or association".

"Borrower", to include company or association.

(3) By amending clause (4) thereof to read as follows:

"(4) the borrower shall agree, insofar as it may lawfully do so, that so long as any part of such loan shall remain unpaid the borrower will in each year apply to the repayment of such loan or to the purchase or redemption of the obligations issued to evidence such loan, an amount equal to the amount by which the assessments, taxes, and other charges collected by it exceed (a) the cost of operation and maintenance of the project, (b) the debt charges on its outstanding obligations, and (c) provision for such reasonable reserves as may be approved by the Corporation; and".

Agreement for repayment.

(4) By adding at the end thereof the following new paragraph:

"When any loan is authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section and it shall then or thereafter appear that repairs and necessary extensions or improvements to the project of such district, political subdivision, company, or association are necessary or desirable for the proper functioning of its project or for the further assurance of its ability to repay such loan, and if it shall also appear that such repairs and necessary extensions or improvements are not designed to bring new lands into production, the Corporation, within the limitation as to total amount provided in this section, may make an additional loan or loans to such district, political subdivision, company, or association for such purpose or purposes. When application therefor shall have been made by any such district, political subdivision, company, or association any loan authorized by this section may be made either to such district, political subdivision, company, or association or to the holders or representatives of the holders of their existing indebtedness, and such loans may be made upon promissory notes collateralized by the obligations of such district, political subdivision, company, or association or through the purchase of securities issued or to be issued by such district, political subdivision, company, or association¹."

Additional loans for repairs and extensions.

Application for.

Security.

SEC. 12. (a) Sections 2 and 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to subscribe for preferred stock and purchase the capital notes of insurance companies, and for other purposes", approved June 10, 1933, as amended (U.S.C., Supp. VII, title 15, secs. 605f and 605g), are amended to read as follows:

Insurance companies; loans to. *Ante*, p. 120; U.S.C. Supp. VII, p. 271.

"SEC. 2. In the event that any such insurance company shall be incorporated under the laws of any State which does not permit it to issue preferred stock, exempt from assessment or additional liability, or if such laws permit such issue of preferred stock only by unanimous consent of stockholders, or upon notice of more than twenty days, or if the insurance company is a mutual organization without capital stock, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized for the purposes of this Act to purchase the legally issued capital notes of such insurance company, or, if the company is a mutual organization without capital stock, such other form or forms of indebtedness as the laws of the State under which such company

Purchase of capital note of, authorized. Conditions.

¹ So in original.

Security for loans.

is organized permit, or to make loans secured by such notes or such other form or forms of indebtedness as collateral, which may be subordinated in whole or in part or to any degree to claims of other creditors.

Requirement before subscription entered.

Showing of unimpaired capital

Proviso.
Loans upon preferred stock or capital stock.

Compensation limitation; officials of applicant company.

Agreement required.

To limit compensation of officials.

Retirement of stock, etc., issued for capital purposes.
"Compensation" construed.

"State" construed.

Farmer's cooperative mineral rights pools.
Loans to.

Mining, milling, and smelting industries.
Loans to.

Fish industry.
Loans to.

"SEC. 3. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation shall not subscribe for or purchase any preferred stock or capital notes of any applicant insurance company, (1) until the applicant shows to the satisfaction of the Corporation that it has unimpaired capital, or that it will furnish new capital which will be subordinate to the preferred stock or capital notes to be subscribed for or purchased by the Corporation, equal to the amount of said preferred stock or capital notes so subscribed for or purchased by the Corporation: *Provided*, That the Corporation may make loans upon said preferred stock or capital notes, or other form or forms of indebtedness permitted by the laws of the State under which said applicant is organized, if, in its opinion, such loans will be adequately secured by said stock or capital notes or other form or forms of indebtedness and/or such other forms of security as the Corporation may require, (2) if at the time of such subscription, purchase, or loan any officer, director, or employee of the applicant is receiving total compensation in a sum in excess of \$17,500 per annum from the applicant and/or any of its affiliates, and (3) unless at such time, the insurance company agrees to the satisfaction of the Corporation that while any part of the preferred stock, notes, bonds, or debentures (or, in the case of a mutual insurance company, other form or forms of indebtedness permitted by the laws of the State under which the company is organized) of such insurance company is held by the Corporation, the insurance company, except with the consent of the Corporation, will not (a) increase the compensation received by any of its officers, directors, or employees from the insurance company and/or any of its affiliates, and in no event increase any such compensation to an amount exceeding \$17,500 per annum, or (b) retire any of its stock, notes, bonds, debentures, or other forms of indebtedness issued for capital purposes. For the purposes of this section, the term "compensation" includes any salary, fee, bonus, commission, or other payment direct or indirect, in money or otherwise for personal services."

(b) Section 11 of such Act of June 10, 1933, as amended (U.S.C., Supp. VII, title 15, sec. 605i), is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new sentence: "As used in this section and in sections 1, 2, and 3 of this Act, the term 'State' means any State, Territory, or possession of the United States, the Canal Zone, and the District of Columbia."

SEC. 13. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered to make loans upon full and adequate security, based on mineral acreage, to recognized and established incorporated managing agencies of farmers' cooperative mineral rights pools not engaged in drilling or mining operations, said loans to be made for the purpose of defraying the cost of organizing such pools.

SEC. 14. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered to make loans upon adequate security, based on mineral acreage to recognized and established incorporated agencies, individuals, and partnerships engaged in the business of mining, milling, or smelting of ores.

SEC. 15. The Corporation is authorized and empowered to make loans under section 5 of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation Act, as amended, to any person, association, or corporation organized under the laws of any State, the District of Columbia, Alaska, Hawaii, or Puerto Rico, for the purpose of financing the production, storage, handling, packing, processing, carrying, and/or orderly

marketing of fish of American fisheries and/or products thereof upon the same terms and conditions, and subject to the same limitations, as are applicable in case of loans made under said section 5, as amended.

Terms and conditions.

SEC. 16. The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is hereby authorized and empowered to make loans at any time prior to January 31, 1935, out of the funds of the Corporation upon full and adequate security, to public-school districts or other similar public-school authorities organized pursuant to State law, for the purpose of payment of teachers' salaries due prior to June 1, 1934: *Provided*, That the aggregate¹ amount of such loans at any time outstanding shall not exceed \$75,000,000.

Teachers' salaries.
Loans to public-school authorities for.

Proviso.
Aggregate amount available.

Approved, June 19, 1934.

[CHAPTER 654.]

AN ACT

To amend the Air Commerce Act of 1926 and to increase the efficiency of the Aeronautics Branch of the Department of Commerce with respect to the development and regulation of civil aeronautics.

June 19, 1934.
[S. 3526.]
[Public, No. 418.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That subdivision (d) of section 2 of the Air Commerce Act of 1926 (U.S.C., Supp. VII, title 49, sec. 172(d)) is amended by inserting before the period at the end of the first sentence thereof a comma and the following: "aircraft, aircraft power plants, and accessories".

Air Commerce Act of 1926, amendment.
Vol. 44, p. 568;
U.S.C., Supp. VII, p. 1021.
Research work to improve aircraft, etc.

SEC. 2. Subdivision (e) of such section 2 (U.S.C., Supp. VII, title 49, sec. 172(e)) is amended to read as follows:

"(e) To investigate accidents in civil air navigation in the United States, including the attending facts, conditions, and circumstances, and for that purpose the Secretary, or any officer or employee of the Department of Commerce designated by him in writing for the purpose, is authorized to hold public hearings in such places and at such times as he shall deem practical, and for the purpose of such hearings, administer oaths, examine witnesses, require the preservation of evidence, and issue subpoenas for the attendance and testimony of witnesses, or the production of books, papers, documents, exhibits, and other evidence, or the taking of depositions before any designated individual competent to administer oaths for the purposes of this Act. Witnesses summoned or whose depositions are taken shall receive the same fees and mileage as witnesses in the courts of the United States. All evidence taken at the hearing shall be recorded and forwarded to the Secretary. At the conclusion of an investigation of or hearing on any such accident or as soon thereafter as circumstances permit, the Secretary of Commerce shall, if he deems it in the public interest, make public a statement of the probable cause or causes of the accident, except that when the accident has resulted in serious or fatal injury, it shall be the duty of the Secretary to make public such a statement. Neither any such statement nor any report of such investigation or hearing, nor any part thereof, shall be admitted as evidence or used for any purpose in any suit or action growing out of any matter referred to in any such statement, investigation, hearing, or report thereof."

Investigations of accidents, civil aircraft.

Hearings.

Compulsion of testimony.

Witness fees.

Recording testimony.

Statement of probable cause.

Admission in evidence.

SEC. 3. Subdivision (a) of section 3 of such Act (U.S.C., Supp. VII, title 49, sec. 173(a)) is amended by inserting after the second sentence thereof a semicolon and the following: "but the Secretary may, if he deems it advisable, grant limited registration to aircraft

Vol. 44, p. 569;
U.S.C., Supp. VII, p. 1020.
Registration of aircraft.
Limited registration, aircraft alien owned.

¹ So in original.